

In Dominicis
per annum ad
vesperas.

(1. & 2. *Vesperis ad Septuagesimam*)

from BSB 2 Mus.pr.23
&

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THOMAE LVDOVCI VICTORIA ABLENSIS
HYMNI TOTIVS ANNI, ... 1581
and
[Chorbuch] - München : St. Michael, [ca. 1670]

Edited by Andreas Stenberg

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[INCIPIT]

[Ante Matutinum, & omnes Horas, praeterquam ad completorium, dicitur secreto.]

[DOMINICA AD VESPER.

Pater noster. Ave Maria. Credo.]

[PATER NOSTER]

[Pater noster, qui es in cælis,
sanctificétur nomen tuum:
advéniat regnum tuum:
fiat volúntas tua, sicut in cælo et in terra.
Panem nostrum quotidiánum da nobis hódie:
et dimítte nobis débita nostra,
sicut et nos dimíttimus debitóribus nostris:
et ne nos indúcas in tentatióne:
sed líbera nos a malo. Amen.]

[AVE MARIA]

[Ave María, grátia plena; Dóminus tecum:
benedícta tu in muliéribus,
et benedíctus fructus ventris tui Jesus.
Sancta María, Mater Dei,
ora pro nobis peccatóribus,
nunc et in hora mortis nostræ. Amen.]

[DEUS IN ADJUTÓRIUM]

[Diende in clara voce dicitur Vers. Domine labia mea aperies. R. Et os meum annunciat laudem tuam. V. Deus in adiutorium meum intende. R. Domine ad adiuvandum me festina. V. Gloria patri, & filio, & spiritui sancto. R. Sicut erat in principio, & nunc, & semper, & in saecula saeculorum. Amen, Alleluia. Et sicut dicitur Alleluia ad omnes Horas per totum annum, praeterquam Dominica in Septuagesima quusque ad feriam quintam in Cena domini, cuius loco tunc dicitur, Laus tibi domine, rex eternae gloriae.]

V. Deus ✠ in adjutórium meum inténde.

BSB 2 Mus.pr. 23#Beibd.1 [fol. 11.]
Edited by Andreas Stenberg

CANTUS

ALTUS

TENOR

BASSUS

V. Gloria Patri, et Filio, et Spiritui sancto. **R.** Sicut erat in principio, et nunc, et semper,

V. Gloria Patri, et Filio, et Spiritui sancto. **R.** Sicut erat in principio, et nunc, et semper,

⁸ **V.** Gloria Patri, et Filio, et Spiritui sancto. **R.** Sicut erat in principio, et nunc, et semper,

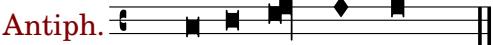
V. Gloria Patri, et Filio, et Spiritui sancto. **R.** Sicut erat in principio, et nunc, et semper,

A musical score for four voices (SSAA) in common time. The music consists of four staves, each with a clef (G, F, G, and bass), a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The lyrics "et in sæcula sæculorum, Amen. Alleluia." are repeated four times across the four staves. The melody is simple, featuring mostly quarter notes and half notes, with some eighth-note patterns. The vocal parts are separated by vertical bar lines.

[PSALMI]

[Añ. Dixit dominus. Tempore Paschali. Antiphona. Alleluia. Sub qua sola aña dicuntur omnes psal. Vesperarum tam in Dominicis quam in fériis illius tempore.]

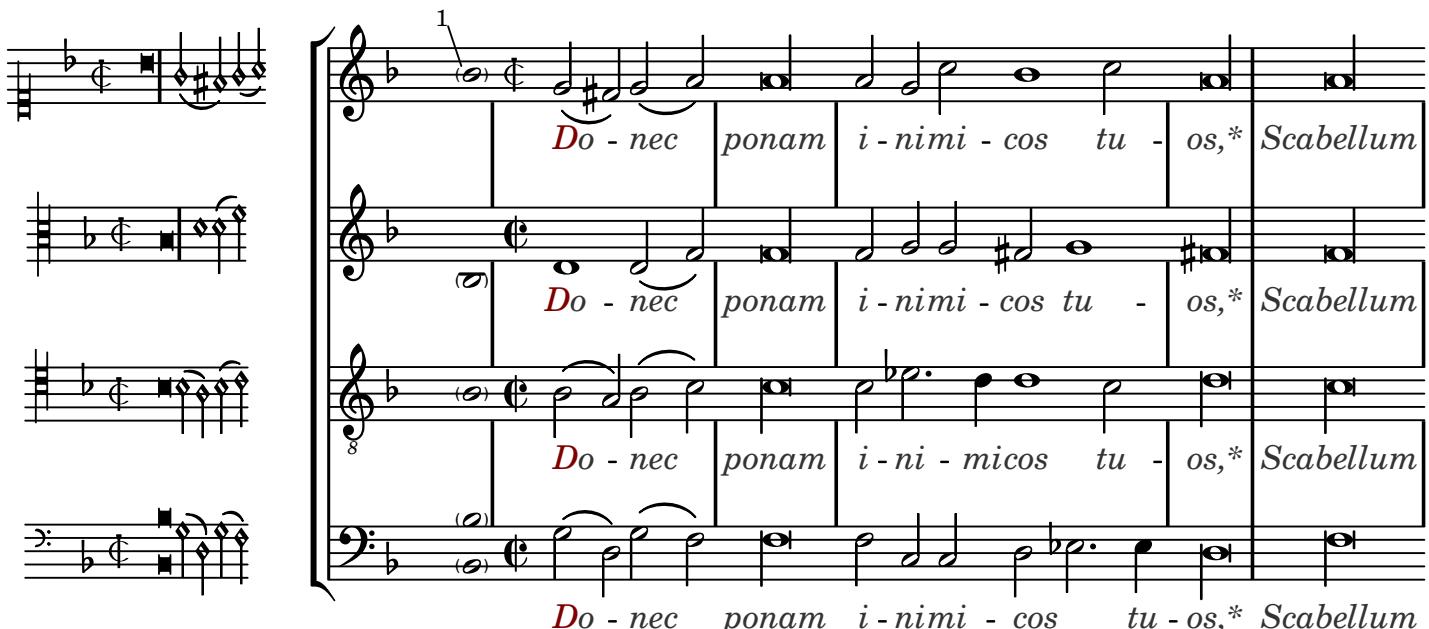
[PSALMUS 109.] TONE VII.

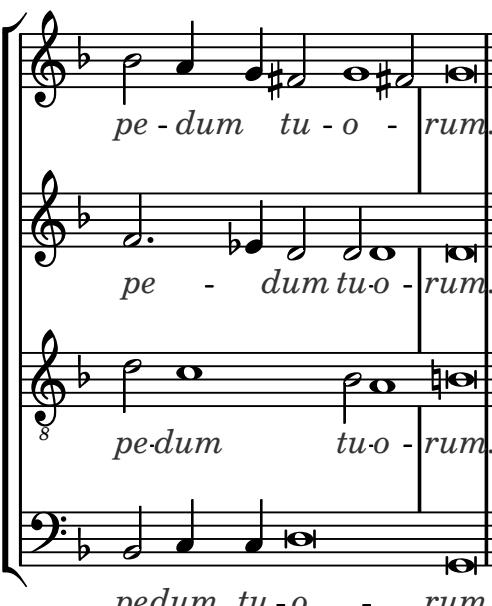
Antiph. 

Dixit Do-minus*



Di - xit Dominus Do-mino meo. se-de à dextris meis.*





¹This note, a black brevis note in the original print, indicates the final note of the preceding section in chant.

Dixit Dominus Domino meo:*

Sede a dextris meis,

Donec ponam inimicos tuos*

scabellum pedum tuorum.

Virgam virtutis tuae emittet Dominus ex Sion:*

dominare in medio inimicorum tuorum.

Tecum principium in die virtutis tuae in splendoribus sanctorum:*

ex utero, ante luciferum, genui te.

Juravit Dominus, et non poenitebit eum:*

Tu es sacerdos in aeternum secundum ordinem Melchisedech.

Dominus a dextris tuis;*

confregit in die irae suae reges.

Judicabit in nationibus, implebit ruinas;*

conquassabit capita in terra multorum.

De torrente in via bibet;*

propterea exaltabit caput.

Gloria Patri, et Gloria Patri, et Fi - - - li - o,
 Gloria Patri, et Gloria Patri, et Fi - - - li - o,
 Gloria Patri, et 8 Gloria Patri, et Fi - - - li - o,
 GLoria Patri & Gloria Patri, et Fi - - - li - o,

et Spiritui sanc - - - - to.
 et Spiritui sanc - - - - to.
 8 et Spiritui sanc-to.
 et Spiritui sanc - - - - to.

Sicut erat in principio, et nunc, et semper,*
 et in sæcula sæculorum. Amen.

ANTIPHON: DIXIT DOMINUS.



Dixit Dominus* Domi-no me-o, sede à dex-tris me-is.

TRANSCRIPTION OF ANTIphon AND CHANT FORMULA

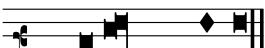
1

8 Di - xit Do - mi - (mi) nus* Do - mi - no me - o, sede à
 à dex - tris me - is.

8 Di - xit Dominus Do - mi - no me - o:
 sede à dex - tris me - is.

¹In the intonation this and the following note are a ligature and the "-mi" syllable is allocated to an extra d-note.

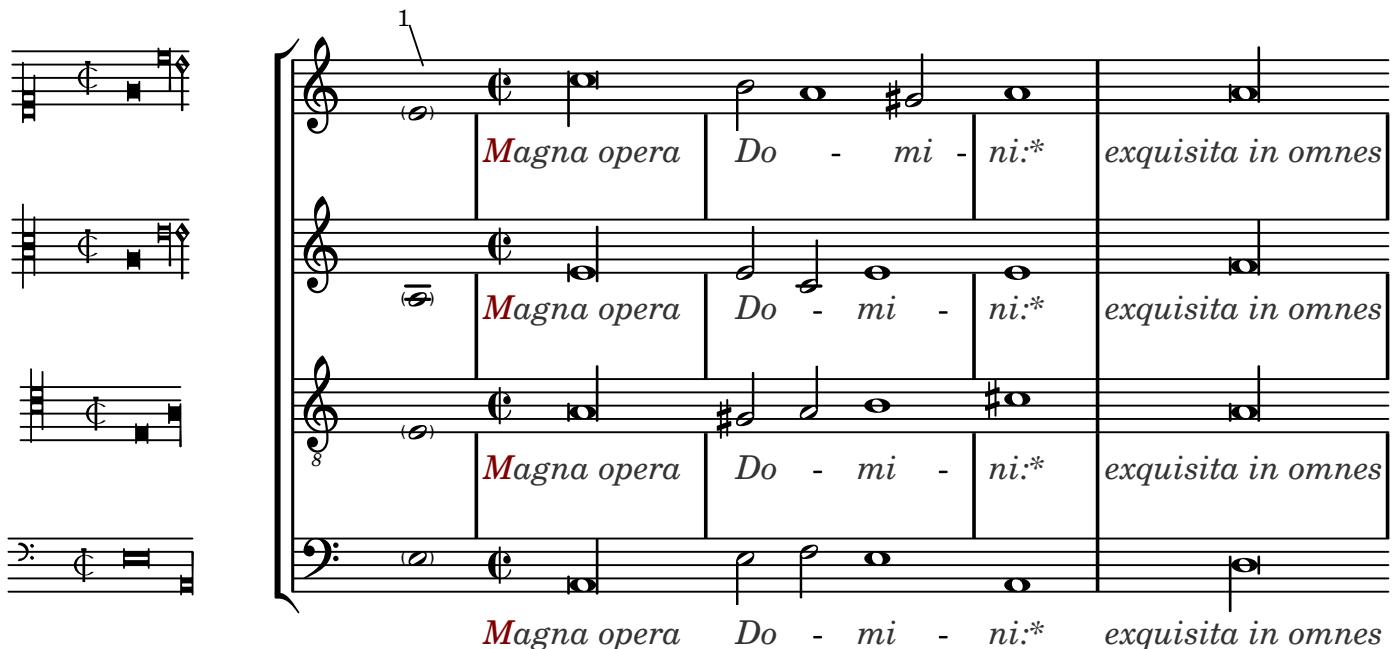
[PSALMUS 110.] TONE IV.

Antiph. 

Fide - lia.*

*Con-fiteor tibi Domine in to - to corde me-o:***in consilio iustorum et con - gre - ga - ti - o-ne.*

1



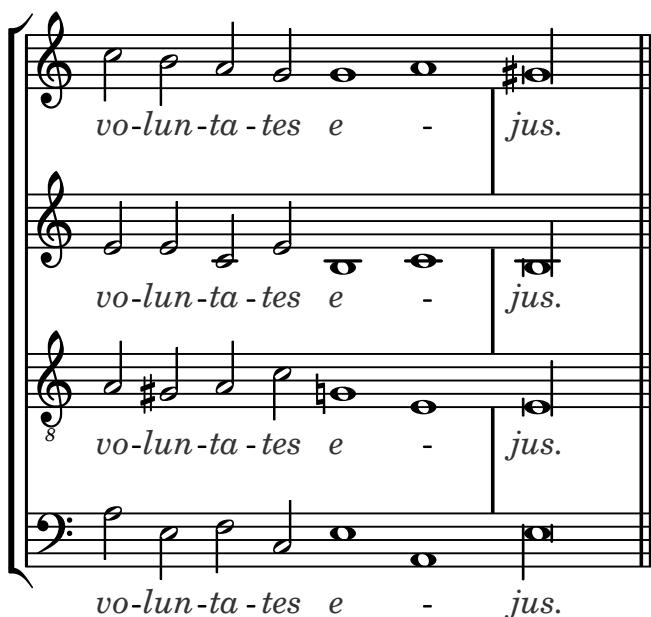
Magna opera *Do - mi - ni:** *exquisita in omnes*

Magna opera *Do - mi - ni:** *exquisita in omnes*

Magna opera *Do - mi - ni:** *exquisita in omnes*

Magna opera *Do - mi - ni:** *exquisita in omnes*

Magna opera *Do - mi - ni:** *exquisita in omnes*



vo-lun-ta - tes e - jus.

¹This note, a black brevis note in the original print, indicates the final note of the preceding section in chant.

[PSALMI]

Confitebor tibi, Domine, in toto corde meo,*
in consilio justorum, et congregatione.

Magna opera Domini:
exquisita in omnes voluntates ejus.

Confessio et magnificentia opus ejus,*
et justitia ejus manet in sæculum sæculi.

Memoriam fecit mirabilium suorum,
misericors et miserator Dominus.*
Escam dedit timentibus se;

Memor erit in sæculum testamenti sui.*
Virtutem operum suorum annuntiabit populo suo,

Ut det illis hæreditatem gentium.*
Opera manuum ejus veritas et judicium.

Fidelia omnia mandata ejus, confirmata in sæculum sæculi,*
facta in veritate et æquitate.

Redemptionem misit populo suo;*
mandavit in æternum testamentum suum.

Sanctum et terribile nomen ejus.*
Initium sapientiæ timor Domini;

Intellectus bonus omnibus facientibus eum:
laudatio ejus manet in sæculum sæculi.

The musical score consists of two parts. The first part, starting with 'Gloria Patri, et', has four staves. The first three staves are in common time (C) and the fourth is in 2/4 time (D). The second part, starting with 'et Spiritui sancto.', has four staves in common time (C). The music is written in a traditional Gregorian chant style with square neumes on four-line staves. The lyrics are repeated in each section.

Gloria Patri, et Gloria Patri, et Fi - - - li - o,
 Gloria Patri, et Gloria Patri, et Fi - - - li - o,
 Gloria Patri, et Gloria Patri, et Fi - - - li - o,
 Gloria Patri, et Gloria Patri, et Fi - - - li - o,

et Spiritui sancto. et Spiritui sancto. et Spiritui sancto. et Spiritui sancto.

Sicut erat in principio, et nunc, et semper,*
 et in sæcula sæculorum. Amen.

ANTIPHONE: FIDELIA OMNIA MANDATA EIUS.

The musical score for the antiphone 'Fideли a* omниa manda ta e ius confir ma ta in sæculum sæculi.' consists of two staves. The first staff shows a continuous series of eighth-note chords in a dotted rhythm. The second staff provides the lyrics for this rhythmic pattern.

Fide - li - a* om - ni-a manda - ta e - ius con - fir --ma -
 ta in sæ - culum sæ - culi.

TRANSCRIPT OF ANTIPHON AND CHANT FORMULA.

⁸ Intonatio: Fi - de - li - a*
 Fi - de - li - a* om - ni - a man - da - ta e - ius con-

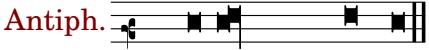
⁸ fir - ma - ta in sæ - cu - lum sæ - cu - li.

⁸ Con - fi - teor tibi Domine in to - to cor - de me - o:*

⁸ in consilio iustorum et con - gre - ga - ti - o - ne.

¹In the Intonattion this note is missing moving the rest of the syllables one step to tyhe right.

[PSALMUS 111.] TONE IV.

Antiph. 

In man - dati*

*Be-atus vir, qui ti-met Do-minum.**

in mandatis e - - jus vo - let ni-mis.



*This note, a black brevis note in the original print, indicates the final note of the preceding section in chant.

[PSALMI]

Beatus vir, qui timet Dominum,*
in mandatis ejus volet nimis.

Potens in terra erit semen ejus,*
generatio rectorum benedicetur.

Gloria et divitiae in domo ejus,*
et iustitia ejus manet in saeculum saeculi.

Exortum est in tenebris lumen rectis,*
misericors et miserator et iustus.

Iucundus homo, qui miseretur et commo -
dat, disponet res suas in judicio,*
quia in aeternum non commovebitur.

In memoria aeterna erit iustus,*
ab auditione mala non timebit.

Paratum cor ejus, sperare in Domino,
confirmatum est cor eius,*
non commovebitur, donec despiciat inimicos suos.

Dispersit dedit pauperibus; justitia ejus
manet in saeculum saeculi,*
cornu ejus exaltabitur in gloria.

Peccator videbit et irascetur, dentibus
suis fremet et tabescet.*
Desiderium peccatorum peribit.

Gloria Patri, et

Gloria Patri, et

Gloria Patri, et

Gloria Patri, et

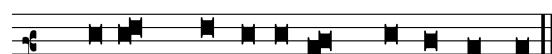
et Spiritui san

et Spiritui san

et Spiritui san

Sicut erat in principio, et nunc, et semper,*
et in sæcula sæculorum. Amen.

ANTIPHON: IN MANDATIS EIUS



In mandatis e - ius cupit nimis.

TRANSCRIPT OF ANTIPHONE AND CHANT FORMULA

⁸ Intonatio: In man - da - tis*
In man - da - tis e - ius cu - pit ni - mis.

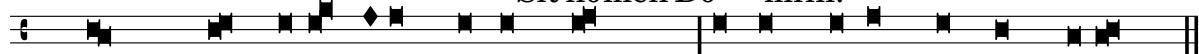
Be - a - tus vir, qui ti - met Do - mi - num:*

A single-line musical staff in treble clef. The lyrics are written below the staff, aligned with the notes. The notes are black dots of varying sizes, indicating pitch and duration. A bracket above the staff groups the first six notes, spanning from 'in' to 'let'. The lyrics are: in mandatis e - jus vo - - let ni - mis.

[PSALMUS 112.] TONE VII.

Antiph. 

Sit nomen Do - mini.*



Lau - da - te, pu - eri, Domi - num; lauda - te no - men Do - mini.*



1

*Sit no - men Do - mi ni be - ne - dic - tum,**

*Sit no - men Do - mi ni be - ne dic - tum,**

*Sit no - men Do - mi ni bene - dic - tum,**

Sit no - men Do - mi ni be - ne dic - tum, ex hoc nunc et us -*



ex hoc nunc et us que in sae - cu lum.

ex hoc nunc et us - que in saecu - lum.

⁸ *ex hoc nunc et us que in saecu - lum.*

que in saecu - lum.



¹This note, a black brevis note in the original print, indicates the final note of the preceding section in chant.

[PSALMI]

Laudate, pueri, Dominum;*
laudate nomen Domini.

Sit nomen Domini benedictum,*
ex hoc nunc et usque in saeculum.

Asolis ortu usque ad occasum,*
lausabile nomen Domini.

Excelsus super omnes gentes Dominus,*
et super caelos gloria ejus.

Quis sicut Dominus Deus noster,
qui in altis habitat,*
et humilia respicit in caelo et in terra?

Suscitans a terra inopem,*
et de stercore erigens pauperem:

Ut collocet eum cum principibus,*
cum principibus populi sui.

Qui habitare facit sterilam in domo,*
matrem filiorum laetantem.

The musical score consists of two parts. The top part, starting with a treble clef, contains four staves. The first three staves are identical, each with the lyrics "Gloria Patri, et". The fourth staff begins with "GLoria Patri &" followed by "Gloria Patri, et". The bottom part, starting with a soprano clef, contains four staves. The first three staves are identical, each with the lyrics "et Spiritui sancto". The fourth staff begins with "et Spiritui sancto". The music is in common time, with various note values including eighth and sixteenth notes. The key signature changes between G major and F major.

Sicut erat in principio, et nunc, et semper,*
et in sæcula sæculorum. Amen.

ANTIPHON: SIT NOMEN DOMINI BENEDICTUM.

The musical score for the antiphon consists of two staves. The top staff shows a series of eighth-note chords in G major. The lyrics "Sit nomen Do - mi - ni be - ne-dic - tum in" are written below the staff. The bottom staff shows a series of eighth-note chords in F major. The lyrics "sæ - cula." are written below the staff. The music is in common time.

TRANSCRIPT OF ANTIPHON AND CHANT FORMULA.

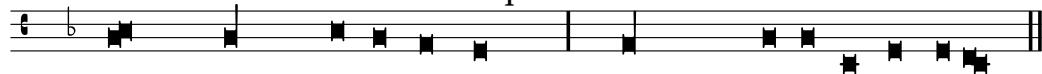
The transcript shows two staves. The top staff is in G major and corresponds to the lyrics "Sit no - men Do - mi - ni be - ne - dic - tum in". The bottom staff is in F major and corresponds to the lyrics "sæ - cu - la.". The music is in common time, with eighth-note chords.

Musical notation for a psalm setting, likely in G major. The music consists of two staves of eight measures each. The first staff begins with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. The lyrics "Lau - da - te," are written below the notes. The second staff begins with a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. The lyrics "laudate" are written below the notes. The music features eighth-note patterns and rests. Measure 1: Treble staff has eighth notes on A, B, C, D, E, F, G, A. Bass staff has eighth note on B, rest, eighth note on C, rest. Measure 2: Treble staff has eighth notes on A, B, C, D, E, F, G, A. Bass staff has eighth note on C, rest, eighth note on D, rest. Measures 3-4: Treble staff has eighth notes on A, B, C, D, E, F, G, A. Bass staff has eighth note on D, rest, eighth note on E, rest. Measures 5-6: Treble staff has eighth notes on A, B, C, D, E, F, G, A. Bass staff has eighth note on E, rest, eighth note on F, rest. Measures 7-8: Treble staff has eighth notes on A, B, C, D, E, F, G, A. Bass staff has eighth note on F, rest, eighth note on G, rest.

[PSALMUS 113.] MIXTUS TONUS

Antiph. 

Nos qui vi-vimus.*

*In exitu Israel de Aegypto,* domus Iacob de populo barbaro.*

Fac - ta est Iudaea sanctifica - ti-o e - ius,* Isra-

Fac - ta est Iudaea sanctifica - ti-o e - ius,* Isra-

Fac - ta est Iudaea sanctifica - ti-o e - ius,* Isra-

Fac - ta est Iudaea sanctifica - ti-o e - ius,* Isra-

Fac - ta est Iudaea sanctifica - ti-o e - ius, Isra-*

el potes - tase - ius

el potestas e - ius

⁸ el potes - tas e

el potes - tase - ius.

¹This note, a black brevis note in the original print, indicates the final note of the preceding section in chant.

[PSALMI]

In exitu Israel de Aegypto, *
domus Iacob de populo barbaro.

Facta est Iudea sanctificatio eius, *
Israel potestas eius.

Mare vidit et fugit: *
Iordanis conversus est retrorsum.

Montes exultaverunt ut arietes: *
et colles sicut agni ovium.

Quid est tibi mare quod fugisti? *
et tu Iordanis quia conversus es retrorsum?

Montes exultastis sicut arietes*
et colles sicut agni ovium.

A facie Domini mota est terra, *
a facie Dei Iacob.

Qui convertit petram in stagna aquarum, *
et rupem in fontes aquarum.

Non nobis Domine non nobis: *
sed nomini tuo da gloriam.

Super

1
Su - per misericordia tua et veri ta-te tu - a.*
Su - per misericordia tua et veri ta-te tu - a.*
Su - per misericordia tua et veri ta-te tu - a.*
Su - per misericordia tua et veri - ta-te tu - a.*

nequando dicant gentes: Ubi est Deus e-o - rum?
nequando dicant gentes: Ubi est Deus e - o-rum?
nequando dicant gentes: Ubi est Deus e - o
nequando dicant gentes: Ubi est Deus e-o - rum?

¹This note, a black brevis note in the original print, indicates the final note of the preceding section in chant.

[PSALMI]

Super misericordia tua et veritate tua: *
nequando dicant gentes: Ubi est Deus eorum?

Deus autem noster in caelo: *
omnia quaecumque voluit fecit.

Simulacra gentium argentum et aurum, *
opera manuum hominum.

Os habent et non loquentur: *
oculos habent et non videbunt.

Aures habent et non audient: *
nares habent et non odorabunt.

Manus habent et non palpabunt +
pedes habent et non ambulabunt: *
non clamabunt in gutture suo.

Similes illis fiant qui faciunt ea: *
et omnes qui confidunt in eis.

Domus Israel speravit in Domino: *
adiutor eorum et protector eorum est.

Domus Aaron speravit in Domino: *
adiutor eorum et protector eorum est.

*Qui ti - ment Dominum speraverunt in Do - mi - no:**

*Qui ti - ment Dominum speraverunt in Do-mi - no:**

*Qui ti - ment Dominum speraverunt in Do - mi - no:**

*Qui ti -ment Dominum speraverunt in Do - mi - no:**

adiutor eorum et protector eorum est.

adiutor eorum et protector eo - rum est.

⁸*adiutor eorum et protec-tor eo - rum*

adiutor eorum et protector eorum est.

¹This note, a black brevis note in the original print, indicates the final note of the preceding section in chant.

[PSALMI]

Qui timent Dominum speraverunt in Domino: *
adiutor eorum et protector eorum est.

Dominus memor fuit nostri: *
et benedixit nobis.

Benedixit domui Israel: *
benedixit domui Aaron.

Benedixit omnibus qui timent Dominum, *
pusillis cum maioribus.

Adiciat Dominus super vos: *
super vos, et super filios vestros.

Benedicti vos a Domino, *
qui fecit caelum et terram.

Caelum caeli Domino: *
terram autem dedit filiis hominum.

Non mortui laudabunt te Domine: *
neque omnes qui descendunt in infernum.

Sed nos qui vivimus, benedicimus Domino, *
ex hoc nunc et usque in saeculum.

Gloria

Gloria

Gloria

Gloria

Gloria

Glo - ria Patri, et Fi - li - o, et Spiritui sanc - to.

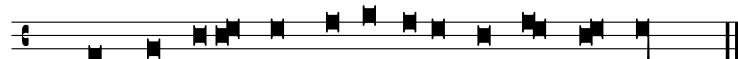
Glo - ria Patri, et Fi - li - o, et Spiritui sanc - to.

Glo - ria Patri, et Fi - li - o, et Spiritui sanc - to.

Glo - ria Patri, et Fi - li - o, et Spiritui sanc - to.

Sicut erat in principio, et nunc, et semper,*
et in sæcula sæculorum. Amen.

ANTIPHON: NOS QUI VIVIMUS.



Nos qui vivimus bene-dicimus Do-mino.

TRANSCRIPT OF ANTIPHON AND CHANT FORMULA.

Intonation: Nos qui vi - vi - mus*

Nos qui vi - vi - mus be - ne - di - ci - mus Do - mi - no.

¹This note is not in the intonation.

²Extra note in the intonation.

8 In exitu Israel de Ae - gyp - to,*

8 domus Iacob de po - pu - lo bar - ba - ro.

[CAPITULUM HYMNUS VERSUS]

[CAPITULUM.]

[Benedictus deus, & pater domini nostri Iesu Christi: pater misericordiarum, & deus totius consolationis: qui consolatur nos in omni tribulatione nostra.]

(Ex Proprio de Tempore)

[Sabbato Septuagesimæ [et postquam], Ad Vespertas]

[Fratres, nescitis quod ij, qui in stadio currunt, omnes qudem currunt, sed unus accipit bravium? Sic currite ut comprehendatis.]

[**V.** Deo gratias.]

HYMNUS: [LUCIS CREATOR OPTIME]

Lucis Creator optime

from Hymni Totijs Anni ... Romae 1581

Thomas Luis de Victoria
edited by Andreas Stenberg

LU - CIS Cre - a - tor op - ti - me

lu - cem di - e - rum pro - fe - rens,

pri - mor - di - is lu - cis no - vae,

mun - di pa - rans o - ri - gi - nem:

CANTUS

Vi ma ne

ALTVS

Vi ma ne

TENOR

ui ma ne

BASSUS

vi ma ne

Qui | ma | ne iunc-tum | ve - spe | ri,

Qui | mane iunc | tum ve | - -

Qui | ma | - - ne

Qui

Qui | ma | - ne | iunc - tum | ve | - - - spe |

- spe - ri, | Qui | ma | ne iunc - tum | ve | - - - spe |

iunc | - - tum | ve | - - - spe |

ma - ne | iunc | - tum | ve | - - - spe |

ri, di | - em | vo-ca | - ri prae | - - - ci |

ri di | - em vo | ca - ri prae | - - - ci |

ri | di | - em | vo | - ca | - - ri | prae | - - ci |

ri | di | - em | vo | - ca | - - ri | prae | - - ci |

pis: te -

pis: te - trum cha - os il - la bi -

pis: te -

pis: tetrum cha - os il - la bi -

trum cha - os il - la bitur, te - trum cha - os il - la bi -

tur, il - la - bitur, te - trum cha - os il - la bi - tur,

trum chaos il - la - bi -

tur, te - trum cha - os il - la bi - tur, te - trum cha - os il - la bi -

tur, au - di pre ces cum fle tibus, au - di preces cum fle -

au - di pre ces cum fle -

tur, au - - di pre - ces cum fle - tibus, au - di pre - ces cum fle -

tur, au - di pre - ces cum fle - tibus, au - di pre - ces cum

Ne mens gra - va - ta cri - mi - ne,
 vi - tae sit ex - sul mu - ne - re,
 dum nil pe - ren - ne co - gi - tat,
 se - se - que cul - pis il - li - gat.

lo - - rum pul - set in - ti -
 pulset in - - ti - mum Cē - lo - rum pul - set in - timum
 - - ti - mum Cē - lo - rum pul - set in - ti -
 Ce - lo - rum pul - set in - - ti - mum vi - ta - le

mum vi - - - ta - le tol - -
 vi - ta - le tol - lat pre - - mi - um: [vi - ta - le]
 mum vi - ta - le tol - lat pre - - mi - um: vi - ta - le tol - -
 tol - lat pre - - - mi - um: vi - ta - le

- lat prae - - mi - um:
 tol - lat pre - - mi - um:] vi - te - mus om - ne
 lat pre - - mi - um: vi - temus om - ne no - xi -
 tol - lat pre - - - mi - um: vi - te - mus om - ne no - - xi -

vi - te - - mus om - - ne no - xi -
no - xi - um: pur gemus om - ne pes - si -
um: vi - te-mus om - ne no - xi - um: pur gemus om - ne pessi -
um: vitemus om - ne no - - xi - um:
um: pur - ge - mus om - ne pes - simum, pur - ge - mus om -
um, [pur - ge - mus om] - ne pes - si - mum,] purge - mus om - ne
pur - ge - mus om - ne pes - - si - mum, purge - mus om -
ne pes - si - mum.
ne pes - si - mum.
pes - si - mum.
ne pes - si - mum.
(Prae - sta, Pa - ter pi - is - si - me,
Pa - tri - que com - par U - ni - ce,

The musical score consists of four staves of music. The top three staves are in treble clef, and the bottom staff is in bass clef. The music is written in common time. The lyrics are in Latin and are placed below each staff, aligned with the corresponding musical notes. The first three staves have a soprano-like vocal line, while the bass staff provides harmonic support. The music features various note values including whole notes, half notes, quarter notes, eighth notes, and sixteenth notes. The lyrics describe the Eucharist and the nature of Christ.

cum Spi - ri - tu Pa - ra - cli - to
re - gnans per om - ne sae - cu-lum. A - men.)

The musical notation is presented in four staves, each starting with a treble clef and a 'G' time signature. The notes are black dots on five-line staves. Measure lines are placed above groups of notes, and a double bar line with repeat dots is at the end of the fourth staff. The lyrics are written below each staff:

LU - CIS Cre - a - tor op - ti - me
lu - cem di - e - rum pro - fe - renς,
pri - mor - di - is lu - cis no - vae,
mun - di pa - rans o - ri - gi - nem: A - men.

Qui mane iunctum vesperi
diem vocari praecipis:
tetur chaos illabitur,
audi preces cum fletibus.

Ne mens gravata crimine,
vitae sit exsul munere,
dum nil perenne cogitat,
seseque culpis illigat.

Caelorum pulset intimum:
vitale tollat praemium:
vitemus omne noxiū:
purgemus omne pessimum.

Praesta, Pater piissime,
Patrique compar Unice,
cum Spiritu Paraclito
regnans per omne saeculum. Amen.

[VERSUS.]

[V. Dirigatur domine oratio mea:]

[R. Sicut incensum in conspectu tuo.]

IN DOMINICIS PER ANNUM AD VESPERAS.
[Praedi- ctus hym. Cum suo versi. Dicitur a Do-
minica ij. Post Epiphan. Usque ad Do-
minicam primam Quadrag. & a Do-
minica iij. Post Pente. Usque ad Adven-
tum. Capitulum vero praedictum dici-
tur in eisdem Domminicis post Pente. &
Epiph. Usque ad Septuag. Tantum: dici-
tur etiam in feriali officio ab oct. Pent.
Usque ad Adventum, & ab oct. Epiph.
Isque ad Dominicam i. Quadr. Simili-
ter & Versic. Añae. Autem cum psalmis
semper dicuntur ut supra quāndo fit of-
ficium de Dñica: exceptis Dñicis Ad-
ventus, quae habent añas proprias.]

CANTICUM BEATAE MARIAE VIRGINIS.

[Cum Antiphona ex Proprio de Tempore.]

[Ant. Sabbato Septuagesiaæ.]

[Dixit Dóminus ad Adam.]

[Ant. 2. Vesperis Septuagesiæ.]

[Dixit paterfamílias.]

Magníficat ✕ *
ánima mea Dóminum.

Et exsultávit spíritus meus: *
in Deo, salutári meo.

Quia respéxit humilitátem ancíllæ suæ: *
ecce enim ex hoc beátam me dicent omnes generatiónes.

Quia fecit mihi magna qui potens est: *
et sanctum nomen ejus.

Et misericórdia ejus, a progénie in progénies: *
timéntibus eum.

Fecit poténtiam in bráccio suo: *
dispérsit supérbos mente cordis sui.

Depósuit poténtes de sede: *
et exaltávit húmiles.

Esuriéntes implévit bonis: *
et dívites dimísit inánes.

Suscépit Israël púerum suum: *
recordátus misericórdiæ suæ.

Sicut locútus est ad patres nostros: *
Ábraham, et sémini ejus in sácula.

Glória Patri, et Fílio, *
et Spirítui Sancto.

Sicut erat in princípicio, et nunc, et semper, *
et in sácula sæculórum. Amen.

[**Sabbatho Septuagesimæ. Ad Vespertas.**]

[**Ant.** Dixit Dóminus ad Adam:

De ligno quod est in médio paradísi, ne comédas:
in qua hora coméderis, morte moriéris.]

[**Ad Vespera secundus & Ferias.**]

[**Ant.** Dixit paterfamílias operáriis suis:

Quid hic statis tota die otiósi?

At illi respondéntes dixérunt:

Quia nemo nos condúxit.

Ite et vos in víneam meam:

et quod justum fúerit, dabo vobis.]

[**Deinde dicitur añा, & oratio quae con-**
venit, ut habentur in proprio de temp.]

ORATIO (EX PROPRIO DE TEMPORE)

V. Dómine, exáudi oratióne meam.

R. Et clamor meus ad te véniat.

[Orémus.]

[Sabbato Septuagesimæ. Ad Vespertas.]

[Preces pópuli tui, quásumus, Dómine, cleménter exáudi:
ut, qui juste pro peccátis nostris afflígimur, pro tui
nóminis glória misericórditer liberémur.

Per Dóminum nostrum Jesum Christum, Fílium tuum:
qui tecum vivit et regnat in unitáte Spíritus Sancti,
Deus, per ómnia sæcula sæculórum.]

[R. Amen.]

COMMEMORATIONES COMMUNES, SIVE~ SUFFRAGIA SANCTORUM.

DE S. MARIA

Sanc - ta Ma-rí - a suc-cúr - re mí-seris, ju - va
pus-sil-lá-ni-mes, ré - fo-ve flé-biles, o-ra pro pó - pu-lo,
in-tér - ve-ni pro cle-ro, inter-cé - de pro de - vó - to fe-
mi - ne-o sexu: sén-tiant omnes tuum ju - vá - men, qui-
cúm-que cé - lebrant tu-am sanctam com-me-mo - ra - tiónem.

V. Ora pro nobis sancta Dei Génitrix.

R. Ut digni efficiámur promissiónibus Christi.

Oratio propria

[Orémus.]

[Concede nos famulos tuos, quæsu-
mus domine deus, per tua mentis, &
corporis sanitate gaudere, & gloriosa
beatæ Mariæ semper virginis intercessio-
ne: a presenti liberari tristia, & æterna
perfrui lætitia. Per dominum.]

[R. Amen.]

*Post Nativitate**

V. Post partum Virgo inviolata permansisti.

R. Dei Génitrix intercéde pro nobis.

[Orémus.]

[Deus, qui salútis ætérnæ, beátæ Mariæ
virginitáte fecúnda, humáno géneri
præmia præstítisti: tríbue, quæsumus;
ut ipsam pro nobis intercédere sentiámus,
per quam merúimus auctórem vitæ suscipere,
Dóminum nostrum Jesum Christum Fílium
tuum: Per dominum.]

[*R. Amen.*]

DE S. MICHAËLE.

Princeps glo-ri-o sis-si - me Mi-cha - èl arch - an - ge-

- le, e - sto me - mor nos - tri hic et u -

bi - que, sem - per pre ca - re pro no - bis fi-lium

De - i.

V. In conspectu Angelorum psallam tibi Deus meus.

R. Adorabo ad templum sanctum tuum et confitebor nomini tuo.

Oratio propria

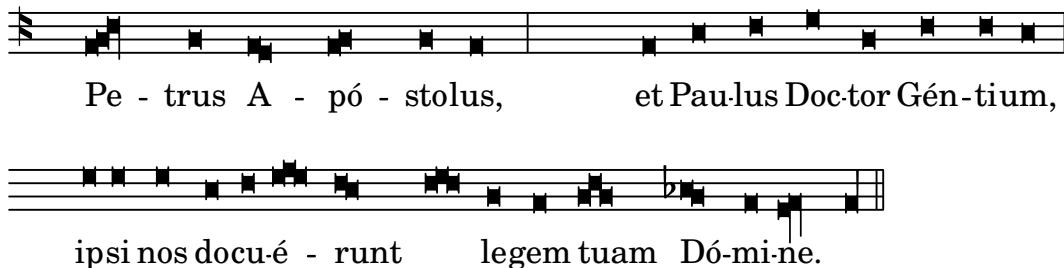
[Orémus.]

[Deus, qui miro ordine angelorum
ministria, hominumque dispen-
sas, concede propitius: ut quibus tibi
ministrantibus in cælo semper assisti-
tur: ab his in terra vita nostra munia-
tur. Per dominum.]

[*R. Amen.*]

*) Added in the M.s. in smaller script by an other hand.

DE APOSTOLIS.



℣. Constitues eos principes super omnem terram.
 ℑ. Memores erunt noministui Domine.

Oratio propria

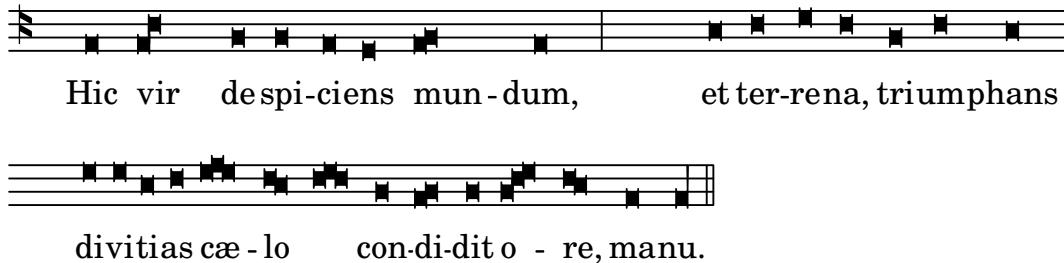
[Oratio]

[Orémus.]

[Deus, cuius déxtera beátum Petrum
 ambulántem in flúctibus, ne merge-
 rétur, eréxit, et coapóstolum ejus Pau-
 lum tértio naufragántem de profundo
 pélagi liberávit: exáudi nos propítius, et
 concéde; ut ambórum méritis, æternitá-
 tis glóriam consequámur.]

[℟. Amen.]

DE S. IGNATO [CONFESSORIIS].



℣. Iustum deduxit Dominus per vias rectas.

℟. Et ostendit illi regnum Dei.

[Oratio]

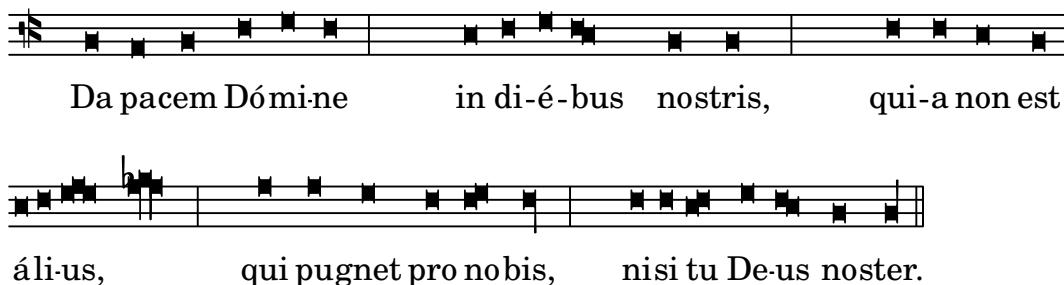
[Orémus.]

[Deus, qui ad majórem tui nómínis glóriam propagándam,
 novo per beátum Ignátium subsídio militántem Ecclésiam roborásti:
 concéde; ut, ejus auxílio et imitatióne certántes in terris,
 coronári cum ipso mereámur in cælis.]

[℟. Amen.]

Oratio &

PRO PACE.



V. Fiat pax in virtúte tua.

R. Et abundántia in túrribus tuis.

[Oratio]

[Orémus.]

[Deus, a quo sancta desidéria, recta
consília, et justa sunt ópera: da ser-
vis tuis illam, quam mundus dare non
potest, pacem; ut et corda nostra man-
dátis tuis dédita, et hóstium subláta for-
mídine, témpora sint tua protectióne
tranquilla. Per Dóminum nostrum Jesum
Christum, Fílium tuum: qui tecum vivit
et regnat in unitáte Spíritus Sancti,
Deus, per ómnia sácula sæculórum.]

[R. Amen.]

CONCLUSIO

[**V.** Dómine, exáudi oratióne meam.]

[**R.** Et clamor meus ad te véniat.]

[**V.** Benedicámus Dómino. (Alliluia, alliluja.)]

[**R.** Deo grátias. (Alliluia, alliluja.)]

[**V.** Fidélium ánimæ per

Dei requiéscant in pace.]

[**R.** Amen.]

[Et deinceps non dici-
tur, Alleluia, usque ad Sabbatum san-
ctum. Si in Dominicis septuag. usque
ad Dominicam in Albis occurat se-
stum dup. vel semid. transfertur in pri-
mam simil festo non impeditam.]

[Pater noster, qui es in cælis,
sanctificétur nomen tuum:
advéniat regnum tuum:
fiat volúntas tua, sicut in cælo et in terra.
Panem nostrum quotidiánum da nobis hódie:
et dimítte nobis débita nostra,
sicut et nos dimíttimus debitóribus nostris:
et ne nos indúcas in tentatióne:
sed líbera nos a malo.
Amen.]

COMMENTARY

In his book "Studies in the Music of Tomàs Luis de Victoria" (London & New York (2001) 2017) Eugene C. Cramer extensively analyses the contents of the manuscript part of the Tomos 2 Mus.pr.23 in the Bayerische Staatsbibliotek, München. Cramer also analyses the musical style of the pieces in the manuscript, especially the Falsobordoni settings that form the main part of this manuscript addendum. Cranmer argues that these falsibordoni settings are by Tomás Luis de Victoria supporting this claim both with circumstantial and stylistic arguments. (Cranmer 2017, 171-211.)

As Cranmer points out the Manuscript part is conceived as and forms an integral whole together with the print that forms the first part of the tomos: Tomás Luis de Victoria's *Hymnus totis Annis... Romae 1581.* (Cramer 2017, 209.) The print is a collection in two parts of polyphonic settings of the hymns of vespers and other office services by Victoria.

The main sections of the manuscript-part of the tomos give relevant material for celebrations of Vespers and Compline at certain Sundays of the year where at least parts are sung polyphonically in a falsibordoni style. This liturgical praxis at St. Michale in München, to celebrate vespers partly polyphonically, partly in chant on at least the larger feast days dates back to the first half of the 16-th. Century and Ludwig Senfl's time as Maestro di Capella there. As the manuscript contains also falsibordoni settings for psalms to be sung in the normal Sundays Dominici ad annum, where a common set of Antiphons are used with the psalms, this praxis seems at the mid 17-th century to have been extended also to Sundays of a lesser festal degree.

The manuscript gives something of a framework for this way of celebrating Vesper services. Among other settings, there is a falsibordoni setting of the response of the Versicle "Deus in adiutorium..." that begins the part sung or read in a loud voice in most office services throughout the year. The manuscript also contains the antiphons (in chant) and versicles for the suffragia (common commorationes of Saints) used in Vespers, Matins and Lauds throughout the year: Commemorations of the blessed Virgin, The Apostles, the Patron Saints of the Church and its clerical community, The Archangel Michael and the Confessor St. Ignatius (Loyola) and the Antiphon and versicles for the prayer for peace.

The material for specific Sundays consists of material for Vespers at Dominici in Annum and each of the four Sundays of advent. There is also some material for Compline. For the Vespers, the sections for each Sunday gives the intonation for the antiphons for each of the five vesper psalms in chant notation, the chant-formulae and falsibordoni- formulae in four parts for each psalm in the appropriate tone, the text of each psalm and slightly more elaborate falsibordoni for the Gloria Patri and the entire Antiphons in chant notation. The sections for the Sundays in advent indicates the appropriate hymn referring to the page in *Hymnis totius Annis* and the text for the versicles after the hymn and the Antiphon for the Magnificat in chant notation. The section for Dominici in annum does not indicate the hymn or give the versicles nor is any antiphon for Magnificat given. The hymn with versicles and the Antiphon for Magnificat vary in the Breviarium Romanum for the common Sundays that use this set of psalms and antiphons. The appropriate hymns though can be found in the *Hymnis totius* print.

In the sections for the Sundays in advent, there are also inserts, written in another, later, hand on paper different from the main part of the manuscript, which contains the other set of falsibordoni formulae for the psalms this time in five parts.

Seven of the eight psalm tones and the Tonus Peregrinus/ Mixtus tonus are used. Most of the Falsobordoni-formulas for the Psalms use melodic material from the corresponding chant-formulas though the intium of the chant-formula is omitted in some cases. The Falsibordoni for the Gloria are for the most part freely conceived with more elaborate cadences.

The present edition combines the material from 2 Mus.pr. 23 with text material from the appropriate sections in *Breviarium Tridentinum 1571*. I have choosen not to include any music neighter in chant nor polyphony for the Magnificat and its Anthiphon though there is an abundance of material in The Collections of Bayerishe Staatsbibliotek that historicaly could have been used together with this material.